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Bostik AB Peter Fäldt Box 903 251 09 HELSINGBORG

Emission measurements

(1 bilaga)

Assignment

At the request of Bostik AB an emission measurement according to "Emission Classification of Building Materials: Protocol for Chemical and Sensory Testing of Building Materials", ver 15.12.2004, has been carried out.

The measurements are made after 28 days of conditioning regarding volatile organic compounds, formaldehyde, ammonia and odour.

Product/test specimen

Product type:	Sealing compound
Product name:	Bostik Multifog 2640
Batch No:	99585
Manufacturing date:	2012-09-11
Packaging:	two cartridges of 300 mL each
Arrived at SP:	2012-10-09
Test specimen preparation:	Chemical testing: The sealant was applied 3 mm thick to a circular glass plate with a diameter of 150 mm. Applied amount was 105 g. The total surface area is 0.0177 m ² . Sensory testing: The sealant was applied in three U-profiles of 630 x 10 x 3 mm (length x width x depth). The total surface area is 0.02 m ² .
Deviation from protocol:	No deviations
Test period started, date:	2012-10-12 (chemical test), 2012-10-17 (odour)
Conditions during ageing:	23 ± 2 °C, 50 ± 5 % RH
Emission samplings, date:	2012-11-09 (chemical emissions), 2012-11-14 (odour)

Methods

The specimens were conditioned outside the testing chambers in controlled climate conditions of 23 ± 2 °C and 50 ± 5 % RH. The specimens were placed in the chambers three days before the measurements.



Chamber conditions of the test of volatile organic compounds, formaldehyde and ammonia:

Test chamber volume:	0.000035 m ³ , FLEC
Area of sample:	0.0177 m ²
Air exchange rate:	171 h ⁻¹
Area specific air flow rate:	$0.34 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2\text{h}$
Temperature:	23 ± 1 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 ± 3 % RH

Chamber conditions of the test of odour:

0.051 m ³ , glass (Climpaq)			
0.02 m ²			
$0.9 \text{ l/s} = 3.24 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$			
23 ± 1 °C			
50 ± 3 % RH			

Emission sampling and analytical methods:

Test	Sampling method	Adsorbent	Sampling volume (litre)	Analysis method / Quantification	Detection limit
VOC	SP 1598 ¹	Tenax TA	3.0 – 5.0	SP 0601 ² / FID quantification	1 μg/m ³
Formaldehyde	SP 1598 ¹	DNPH	6	SP 2303 ³ / HPLC-UV	0.03 μg/sampler
Ammonia	SP 1598 ¹	Silica gel	40	Liquid chromatograph with conductivity detector ⁴	0.9 μg/sampler
Sensory evaluation	Human nose				

Tenax TA was used as adsorption medium for VOC. The Tenax tubes were thermally desorbed and analysed in accordance to ISO 16000-6:2004 (Determination of volatile organic ompounds in indoor and test chamber air by active sampling on Tenax TA sorbent, thermal desorption and gas chromatography using MS/FID), accredited SP method 0601. This means an analysis in a gas chromatograph and detection with a flame ionisation detector (FID) and mass selective detector (MS). The FID signals are used for compound quantification. The TVOC is quantified as toluene equivalents. The mass selective detector is used for identification of compounds.

Tenax TA was also used as adsorption medium for testing of volatile carcinogenic compounds, according to IARC listing, category 1 (exclusive formaldehyde), 0.001 mg/m²h and above.

The sampling of formaldehyde was carried out with DNPH samplers. The samplers were analysed according to ISO 16000-3 (in accordance to accredited SP method 2302), which means analysis on a liquid chromatograph with absorbance detector.

¹⁾ In accordance with ISO 16000-10:2006, accredited method. ²⁾ In accordance with ISO 16000-6:2004, accredited method.

³⁾ In accordance with ISO 16000-3:2001, accredited method.

⁴⁾ The determinations of the sampled silica gel tubes were done by Sahlgrenska Universitetssjukhuset, Miljökemiska laboratoriet, Göteborg, accredited method.



The sampling of ammonium was carried out with silicagel treated adsorbent tubes and analysis on a liquid chromatograph with conductivity detector.

Three subsequent samples were taken for the VOC determination, two samples for formaldehyde and ammonia respectively.

Results

The results of the chemical testing are expressed as concentrations in the chamber and area specific emission rates:

$$SER_A = \frac{Conc \times n}{L}$$

SER_a = area specific emission rate, in mg/m²h

Conc = concentration of a volatile compound in the chamber, in mg/m³

n = air exchange rate, in changes per hour

L = loading factor, in m²/m³ (area of sample/volume of chamber)

Results of the chemical testing of the sample of **Bostik Multifog 2640** after 28 days:

Compound	Concentration mg/m ³	Emission rate mg/m²h	Criteria M1 mg/m²h
TVOC	0.086	0.029	< 0.2
Carcinogens	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.005
Formaldehyde	< 0.005	< 0.002	< 0.05
Ammonia	0.051	0.017	< 0.03

See appendix 1 for gas chromatograms from VOC determination.

Results of the sensory evaluation of the sample of **Bostik Multifog 2640** after 28 days:

Evaluator	Sensory evaluation		Average of	Criteria M1	
	first	second	acceptability		
1	1.00	1.00			
2	0.55	0.60			
3	0.85	0.90	+ 0.8	≥ + 0.1	
4	1.00	1.00			
5	0.75	0.80			

Standard deviation of the sensory evaluation of the test sample was 0.17

The empty sensory test chamber acceptability was determined 2012-11-12. The mean acceptability vote of the empty chamber was > 0.5.

Interpretation of the results

The tested product **Bostik Multifog 2640** complies with the requirements of M1 for the tested parameters.



Detailed results

Detailed results of the chemical testing after 28 days:

Sample	TVOC (mg/m²h) as toluene equivalents between C ₆ -C ₁₆	Formaldehyde (mg/m²h)	Ammonia (mg/m²h)	Carcinogens 5 (mg/m²h) as toluene equivalents between C ₆ -C ₁₆
1	0.032	< 0.002	0.023	< 0.002
2	0.029	< 0.002	0.012	< 0.002
3	0.026			< 0.002

⁵⁾ The emission of which exceeds 0.002 mg/m²h.

Single VOCs:

Single VOCs	Retention	e number Sample 1 Sample 2	Emission rate (mg/m ² h)		
of which exceed 0.005 mg/m²h as toluene equivalent	time (min)		Sample 3		
Single VOCs C ₆ -C ₁₆ : 4-Piperidinol, 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- 2-Decanone	5.1 – 36.1 23.5 24.6	2403-88-5 693-54-9 TVOC:	0.026 0.006 0.032	0.024 0.005 0.029	0.021 0.005 0.026
Single VOC outside $C_6 - C_{16}$: VVOC ($< C_6$) 6 No single VVOC detected SVOC ($C_{16} - C_{22}$) 7 No single SVOC detected	3.5 – 5.1 36.1 - 44.0				

⁶⁾ VVOC = very volatile organic compounds, as defined in ISO 16000-6 (not accredited)

Level of identification of compounds is 100 % for all compounds $\geq 0.005 \text{ mg/m}^2\text{h}$.

Measurements uncertainty

 SER_{TVOC} : ± 15 %, $SER_{Formaldehyde}$: ± 30 %, SER_{NH3} : ± 14 %

SP Sveriges Tekniska Forskningsinstitut Kemi och Material - Organisk analytisk kemi

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Gas Chromatograms

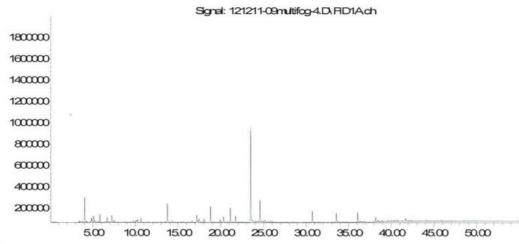
⁷⁾ SVOC = semi-volatile organic compounds, as defined in ISO 16000-6 (not accredited)



Bilaga 1

Gas chromatogram

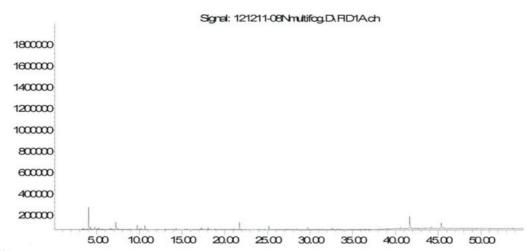
Sample: Bostik Multifog 2640, after 28 days (sampled volume: 5.0 litre):



Time->

The compound with the retention time 4.1 min is a contamination from the analysis system.

Sample: Empty chamber (sampled volume: 6 litre): Abundance



Time->

TVOC _{empty chamber} = $< 20 \mu g/m^3$