Primo Premium, Eclipse Premium

Generic EPD developed by ERFMI based on EN ISO 14025 and EN 15804 applicable for the above Tarkett products



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per EN ISO 14025 and EN 15804

Programme holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Declaration number EPD-ERF-2013111-E

Issue date 01.04.2013 Valid to 31.12.2018

Homogeneous polyvinyl chloride floor coverings according to EN 649 and ISO 10581

ERFMI

European Resilient Flooring Manufacturers' Institute



www.bau-umwelt.com / https://epd-online.com



General Information

ERFMI - European Resilient Flooring Manufacturers' Institute

Programme holder

IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Rheinufer 108 D-53639 Königswinter

Declaration number

EPD-ERF-2013111-E

This Declaration is based on the Product Category Rules:

Floor coverings, Version 1.1: 29.10.2012 (PCR tested and approved by the independent expert committee)

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Issue date

01.04.2013

Valid to

31.12.2018

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Hans-Wolf Reinhardt (Chairman of SVA)

Homogeneous polyvinyl chloride floor coverings

Owner of the Declaration

ERFMI vzw, European Resilient Flooring Manufacturers' Institute 71, Avenue de Cortenbergh B-1000 Brussels

Declared product / Declared unit

1m² homogeneous polyvinyl chloride floor covering, installed

Scope:

In this EPD homogeneous polyvinyl chloride floor coverings according to ISO 10581 floor coverings are declared. The application of this EPD is restricted to homogeneous polyvinyl chloride floor coverings produced by the members of the European Resilient Flooring Manufacturers' Institute (ERFMI). Data are based upon production during 2011 in Europe. Data have been provided by 6 companies of ERFMI which represents 100% of ERFMI members. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence.

Verification

The CEN Norm EN 15804 serves as the core PCR
Independent verification of the declaration and data
according to EN ISO 14025

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|---|-----|------|----|---|
| | | | | |



Prof. Dr. Firgit Grahl

(Independent tester appointed by SVA)

Product

Product description

Resilient floor coverings are an entire product family of flexible flooring solutions available in sheet, tiles and planks. It is classified in heterogeneous or homogeneous composition based on vinyl, linoleum, cork or rubber. Resilient floor coverings can provide different functionalities (acoustic, static control, slip resistance, easy maintenance etc.) to match a wide range of domestic, commercial and industrial applications. It is available in an enormous range of patterns and colours fitting with inspiration and decorative needs.

Homogeneous polyvinyl chloride floor coverings have one or more layers of the same composition and colour patterned throughout its thickness.

Application

According to EN ISO 10874 (EN 685) the area of application for resilient floor coverings is indicated by use classes. The declared product group covers the use classes 23, 34, 43.

Technical Data

Technical construction data for the product group:

| Constructional data | Value | Unit | Test standard |
|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Product thickness * | 1.5-2.5 (av. 1.9) | mm | EN ISO 24346 |
| Surface weight * | 3.2 | kg/m ² | EN ISO 23997 |
| Product Form | | sł | neet |

^{*} weighted average

Base materials/ Ancillary materials

The product group has the following composition:

| Component | Value | Unit |
|--|-------|------|
| Additives | 1.6 | % |
| Filler | 34.6 | % |
| Flame Retardant (Aluminium hydroxide) | 0.1 | % |
| Plasticizer | 12.6 | % |
| Pigments | 2.3 | % |
| Polymers (PVC) | 33.0 | % |
| Lacquer | 0.5 | % |
| Flooring Recyclate (PVC) | 15.4 | % |

The declared recipes were checked with the REACH candidate list from June 18th, 2012 and did not contain listed REACH substances.

Reference service life

This EPD does not indicate RSL. Only module B2 (maintenance) is declared and the use stage scenario is independent on the life time of the product. The declared modules in the table of results (chapter 5) refer to one life cycle of the floor covering with B2 (cleaning) being declared for a time period of one year. For the calculation of the impact of B2 for a

different time period the values for B2 have to be multiplied by the estimated service life in years. ERFMI provides an online tool for this calculation on the ERFMI home page (www.erfmi.com) for the enduser

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared Unit

1m² of installed floor covering.

| Name | Value | Unit |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|
| Declared unit | 1 | m^2 |
| Conversion factor to 1 kg | 1/3.2 | - |

The declaration refers to an average product from 8 production sites of ERFMI members. The data have been weighted according to the annual square meters produced by each site. The life cycle impact assessment is conducted based on the vertical average.

System boundary

Type of EPD: cradle to grave

Modules A1-A3 include processes that provide materials and energy input for the system, manufacturing and transport processes up to the factory gate, as well as waste processing.

Module A4 includes transport of the floor covering to the place of installation.

Module A5 includes the production of adhesive for the installation of the floor covering, and incineration of offcuts and packaging material.

Module B2 is including provision of cleaning agent, energy and water consumption for the cleaning of the floor covering incl. waste water treatment. The LCA results in this EPD are declared for a one year usage.

Module C1 considers electricity supply for the deconstruction of the flooring.

Module C2 includes transportation of the post-consumer waste to waste processing.

End of life scenarios are declared for:

- 100% incineration in a waste incineration plant (WIP)
- 100% landfilling
- 100% recycling according to information from AgPR, (Arbeitsgemeinschaft PVC-Bodenbelag Recycling)

Module D includes benefits from all net flows given in module A5 and C3 that leave the product boundary system after having passed the end-of-waste state in the form of recovery and/or recycling potentials.

Module D is declared for each scenario separately.

Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following technical information is a basis for the declared modules

Transport to the construction site (A4)

| Name | Value | Unit |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| Litres of fuel | 0,0051 | I/m ² *100km |
| Transport distance | 2000 | km |
| Capacity utilisation (including empty runs) | 85 | % |

Installation in the building (A5)

| Name | Value | Unit |
|------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Auxiliary (adhesive) | 0.3 | kg |
| Material loss (installation waste) | 6.0 | % |

Maintenance (B2)

| Name | Value | Unit |
|--|-------|----------------|
| Maintenance cycle (vacuum cleaning & wet cleaning) | 156 | number/a |
| Water consumption | 0.003 | m ³ |
| Auxiliary (detergent) | 0.04 | kg |
| Electricity consumption | 0.55 | kWh |

End of Life (C1-C4)

| Elia di Lile (C1-C4) | | |
|----------------------|-------|------|
| Name | Value | Unit |
| Incineration | 3.2 | kg |
| Recycling | 3.2 | kg |
| Landfilling | 3.2 | kg |

Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

For module D the credits given in module A5 and C3 are declared.

For waste incineration combustion in a WIP (R1 < 0.6) with energy recuperation is considered.



LCA: Results

The results for module B2 refer to a period of one year.

For the calculation of the impact of B2 for a certain service life the values for B2 have to be multiplied by the estimated service life in years.

ERFMI provides an online tool for this calculation on the ERFMI home page (www.erfmi.com) for the end-user.

| DESC | RIPT | ION O | F THE | SYST | TEM B | OUND | ARY (| X = IN | CLUD | ED IN | LCA; I | MND = | MOD | ULE N | OT DE | CLARED) | |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|--|--|
| PROI | DUCT S | TAGE | ON PR | TRUCTI OCESS AGE | | USE STAGE | | | | | | | | END OF LIFE STAGE | | | |
| Raw material supply | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Construction- installation process | nse | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential | |
| A 1 | A2 | А3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C2 C3 C4 | | | | | | | | | D | | |
| | Χ | | Χ | Χ | MND | Χ | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | Х | Χ | Χ | Χ | X | |

RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT: 1m2 installed

| Parameter | Unit | A1 - A3 | A4 | A5 | B2 | C1 | C2 | C3/I ¹ | C3/L ² | C3/R ³ | C4/I | C4/L | C4/R | D/I | D/L | D/R |
|-----------|-----------------------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|---------|------|----------|----------|----------|
| GWP | [kg CO ₂ -Äq.] | 6,7E+00 | 3,3E-01 | 8,3E-01 | 4,3E-01 | 1,4E-02 | 3,0E-02 | 5,7E+00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,3E-01 | 0 | -1,5E+00 | -1,6E-01 | -1,6E-01 |
| ODP | [kg CFC11-Äq.] | 7,9E-09 | 5,8E-12 | 2,9E-10 | 2,6E-10 | 1,3E-11 | 5,3E-13 | 8,0E-10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,2E-10 | 0 | -5,7E-10 | -5,9E-11 | -5,9E-11 |
| AP | [kg SO ₂ -Äq.] | 1,6E-02 | 1,5E-03 | 1,3E-03 | 1,6E-03 | 6,8E-05 | 1,4E-04 | 5,9E-03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,0E-04 | 0 | -3,6E-03 | -3,8E-04 | -3,8E-04 |
| EP | [kg PO ₄ 3- Äq.] | 2,0E-03 | 3,4E-04 | 1,7E-04 | 1,3E-04 | 3,6E-06 | 3,2E-05 | 3,5E-04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,5E-04 | 0 | -2,5E-04 | -2,6E-05 | -2,6E-05 |
| POCP | [kg Ethen Äq.] | 4,9E-03 | -4,9E-04 | 1,7E-04 | 1,7E-04 | 4,0E-06 | -4,5E-05 | 6,0E-04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,1E-04 | 0 | -3,0E-04 | -3,1E-05 | -3,1E-05 |
| ADPE | [kg Sb Äq.] | 1,7E-05 | 1,2E-08 | 2,8E-07 | 2,0E-07 | 2,0E-09 | 1,1E-09 | 1,5E-06 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,5E-08 | 0 | -1,2E-07 | -1,2E-08 | -1,2E-08 |
| ADPF | [MJ] | 1,6E+02 | 4,6E+00 | 1,2E+01 | 8,3E+00 | 2,5E-01 | 4,2E-01 | 2,6E+01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,5E+00 | 0 | -2,5E+01 | -2,7E+00 | -2,7E+00 |

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP Caption = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

RESULT - RESOURCE USE: 1m2 installed

| Parameter | Unit | A1 - A3 | A4 | A5 | B2 | C1 | C2 | C3/I | C3/L | C3/R | C4/I | C4/L | C4/R | D/I | D/L | D/R |
|-----------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|------|------|----------|------|----------|----------|----------|
| PERE | [MJ] | 1,4E+01 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| PERM | [MJ] | 1,0E+00 | - | - | - | - | - | • | • | • | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| PERT | [MJ] | 1,5E+01 | 1,8E-01 | 1,7E+00 | 8,3E-01 | 4,2E-02 | 1,7E-02 | 1,2E+00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,6E-01 | 0 | -1,9E+00 | -1,9E-01 | -1,9E-01 |
| PENRE | [MJ] | 1,2E+02 | - | - | - | - | - | ı | • | ı | ١ | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| PENRM | [MJ] | 4,1E+01 | - | - | - | - | - | • | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - |
| PENRT | [MJ] | 1,6E+02 | 4,6E+00 | 1,2E+01 | 8,3E+00 | 2,5E-01 | 4,2E-01 | 2,6E+01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,5E+00 | 0 | -2,5E+01 | -2,7E+00 | -2,7E+00 |
| SM | [kg] | 6,6E-01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| RSF | [MJ] | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | • | • | • | - | - | - | ı | - |
| NRSF | [MJ] | • | - | - | - | - | - | • | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| FW | [kg] | 5,2E+01 | 2,0E-01 | 3,0E+00 | 3,2E+00 | 1,1E-01 | 1,8E-02 | 1,6E+01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1,9E+00 | 0 | -5,2E+00 | -5,4E-01 | -5,4E-01 |

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

| Parameter | Unit | A1 - A3 | A4 | A5 | B2 | C1 | C2 | C3/I | C3/L | C3/R | C4/I | C4/L | C4/R | D/I | D/L | D/R |
|-----------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|------|------|---------|------|----------|----------|----------|
| HWD | [kg] | 8,6E-03 | 0 | 7,0E-04 | 1,9E-03 | 0 | 0 | 1,6E-03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,1E-04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NHWD | [kg] | 4,2E-01 | 5,9E-04 | 1,5E-01 | 5,8E-03 | 1,1E-04 | 5,5E-05 | 2,4E+00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,2E+00 | 0 | -6,6E-03 | -6,9E-04 | -6,9E-04 |
| RWD | [kg] | 6,7E-03 | 6,4E-06 | 2,1E-04 | 7,3E-04 | 3,7E-05 | 5,9E-07 | 7,3E-04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,4E-05 | 0 | -1,6E-03 | -1,7E-04 | -1,7E-04 |
| CRU | [kg] | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| MFR | [kg] | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - | | 1 | - | - | 7,7E-01 | 7,7E-01 | 3,98E+00 |
| MER | [kg] | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| EEE | [MJ] | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 4,5E+00 | 4,7E-01 | 4,7E-01 |
| EET | [MJ] | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,3E+01 | 1,4E+00 | 1,4E+00 |

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Caption Exported thermal energy

Not all of the life cycle inventories applied in this study support the methodological approach for the waste and water indicators. The data are based on publications of industry. The indicators for waste and water of the system are evaluated, but contain a higher degree of uncertainty.

¹ Scenario "I" = 100% Incineration ² Scenario "L" = 100% Landfilling

³ Scenario "R" = 100% Recycling

The evaluation of best EoL-scenario requires the consideration of further aspects like avoidance of combustion of fossil fuels when incinerated and demand for landfilling when recycled.



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ISO 10581

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EN ISO 10874 (previously EN 685)

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EN ISO 23997

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EN ISO 24346

EN ISO 24346:2012: Resilient floor coverings - Determination of overall thickness (ISO 24346:2006)

EN 15804

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