






Hilti HIT-RE 500 with HIT-V / HAS in diamond drilled holes

Injection mortar system		Benefits
	<p>Hilti HIT-RE 500 330 ml foil pack (also available as 500 ml and 1400 ml foil pack)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - suitable for non-cracked concrete C 20/25 to C 50/60 - high loading capacity - suitable for dry and water saturated concrete - large diameter applications - high corrosion resistant - long working time at elevated temperatures - odourless epoxy - embedment depth range: from 40 ... 160 mm for M8 to 120 ... 600 mm for M30
	<p>Statik mixer</p>	
	<p>HAS rod</p>	
	<p>HAS-E rod</p>	
	<p>HIT-V rod</p>	



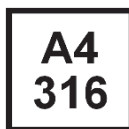
Concrete



Small edge distance and spacing



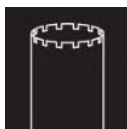
Variable embedment depth



Corrosion resistance



High corrosion resistance



Diamond drilled holes



PROFIS Anchor design software

Basic loading data for a single anchor

All data in this section applies to

- Correct setting (See setting instruction)
- No edge distance and spacing influence
- Steel failure
- Base material thickness, as specified in the table
- One typical embedment depth, as specified in the table
- One anchor material, as specified in the tables
- Concrete C 20/25, $f_{ck,cube} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- Temperature range I
(min. base material temperature -40°C , max. long term/short term base material temperature: $+24^\circ\text{C}/40^\circ\text{C}$)
- Installation temperature range $+5^\circ\text{C}$ to $+40^\circ\text{C}$

For details see Simplified design method

Embedment depth ^{a)} and base material thickness for the basic loading data. Mean ultimate resistance, characteristic resistance, design resistance, recommended loads.

Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Typical embedment depth [mm]	80	90	110	125	170	210	240	270
Base material thickness [mm]	110	120	140	165	220	270	300	340

a) The allowed range of embedment depth is shown in the setting details. The corresponding load values can be calculated according to the simplified design method.

Mean ultimate resistance: concrete C 20/25 – $f_{ck,cube} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$, anchor HIT-V 5.8

Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Tensile $N_{Ru,m}$ HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	18,9	30,5	44,1	83,0	129,2	185,9	229,7	287,2
Shear $V_{Ru,m}$ HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	9,5	15,8	22,1	41,0	64,1	92,4	120,8	147,0

Characteristic resistance: concrete C 20/25 – $f_{ck,cube} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$, anchor HIT-V 5.8

Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Tensile N_{Rk} HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	18,0	29,0	42,0	66,0	101,5	142,5	173,0	216,3
Shear V_{Rk} HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	9,0	15,0	21,0	39,0	61,0	88,0	115,0	140,0

Design resistance: concrete C 20/25 – $f_{ck,cube} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$, anchor HIT-V 5.8

Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Tensile N_{Rd} HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	12,0	18,8	27,6	31,4	48,3	67,9	82,4	103,0
Shear V_{Rd} HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	7,2	12,0	16,8	31,2	48,8	70,4	92,0	112,0

Recommended loads ^{a)}: concrete C 20/25 – $f_{ck,cube} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$, anchor HIT-V 5.8

Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Tensile N_{rec} HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	8,6	13,5	19,7	22,4	34,5	48,5	58,9	73,6
Shear V_{rec} HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	5,1	8,6	12,0	22,3	34,9	50,3	65,7	80,0

a) With overall partial safety factor for action $\gamma = 1,4$. The partial safety factors for action depend on the type of loading and shall be taken from national regulations.

Service temperature range

Hilti HIT-RE 500 injection mortar may be applied in the temperature ranges given below. An elevated base material temperature may lead to a reduction of the design bond resistance.

Temperature range	Base material temperature	Maximum long term base material temperature	Maximum short term base material temperature
Temperature range I	-40 °C to +40 °C	+24 °C	+40 °C
Temperature range II	-40 °C to +58 °C	+35 °C	+58 °C
Temperature range III	-40 °C to +70 °C	+43 °C	+70 °C

Max short term base material temperature

Short-term elevated base material temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling.

Max long term base material temperature

Long-term elevated base material temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

Materials

Mechanical properties of HIT-V / HAS

Anchor size			Hilti technical data							
			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Nominal tensile strength f_{uk}	HIT-V/HAS 5.8	[N/mm ²]	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
	HIT-V/HAS 8.8	[N/mm ²]	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
	HIT-V/HAS -R	[N/mm ²]	700	700	700	700	700	700	500	500
	HIT-V/HAS -HCR	[N/mm ²]	800	800	800	800	800	700	700	700
Yield strength f_{yk}	HIT-V/HAS 5.8	[N/mm ²]	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
	HIT-V/HAS 8.8	[N/mm ²]	640	640	640	640	640	640	640	640
	HIT-V/HAS -R	[N/mm ²]	450	450	450	450	450	450	210	210
	HIT-V/HAS -HCR	[N/mm ²]	600	600	600	600	600	400	400	400
Stressed cross-section A_s	HAS	[mm ²]	32,8	52,3	76,2	144	225	324	427	519
	HIT-V	[mm ²]	36,6	58,0	84,3	157	245	353	459	561
Moment of resistance W	HAS	[mm ³]	27,0	54,1	93,8	244	474	809	1274	1706
	HIT-V	[mm ³]	31,2	62,3	109	277	541	935	1387	1874

Material quality

Part	Material
Threaded rod HIT-V(F), HAS 5.8 M8 – M24	Strength class 5.8, $A_5 > 8\%$ ductile, steel galvanized $\geq 5 \mu\text{m}$, (F) hot dipped galvanized $\geq 45 \mu\text{m}$,
Threaded rod HIT-V(F), HAS 8.8 M27 – M30	Strength class 8.8, $A_5 > 8\%$ ductile, steel galvanized $\geq 5 \mu\text{m}$, (F) hot dipped galvanized $\geq 45 \mu\text{m}$,
Threaded rod HIT-V-R, HAS-R	Stainless steel grade A4, $A_5 > 8\%$ ductile, strength class 70 for $\leq M24$ and class 50 for M27 to M30, 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362
Threaded rod HIT-V-HCR, HAS-HCR	High corrosion resistant steel, 1.4529; 1.4565, strength $\leq M20$: $R_m = 800 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $R_{p0.2} = 640 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $A_5 > 8\%$ ductile M24 to M30: $R_m = 700 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $R_{p0.2} = 400 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $A_5 > 8\%$ ductile
Washer ISO 7089	Steel galvanized, hot dipped galvanized
	Stainless steel, 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362
	High corrosion resistant steel, 1.4529; 1.4565
Nut EN ISO 4032	Strength class 8, steel galvanized $\geq 5 \mu\text{m}$, hot dipped galvanized $\geq 45 \mu\text{m}$,
	Strength class 70, stainless steel grade A4, 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362
	Strength class 70, high corrosion resistant steel, 1.4529; 1.4565

Anchor dimensions

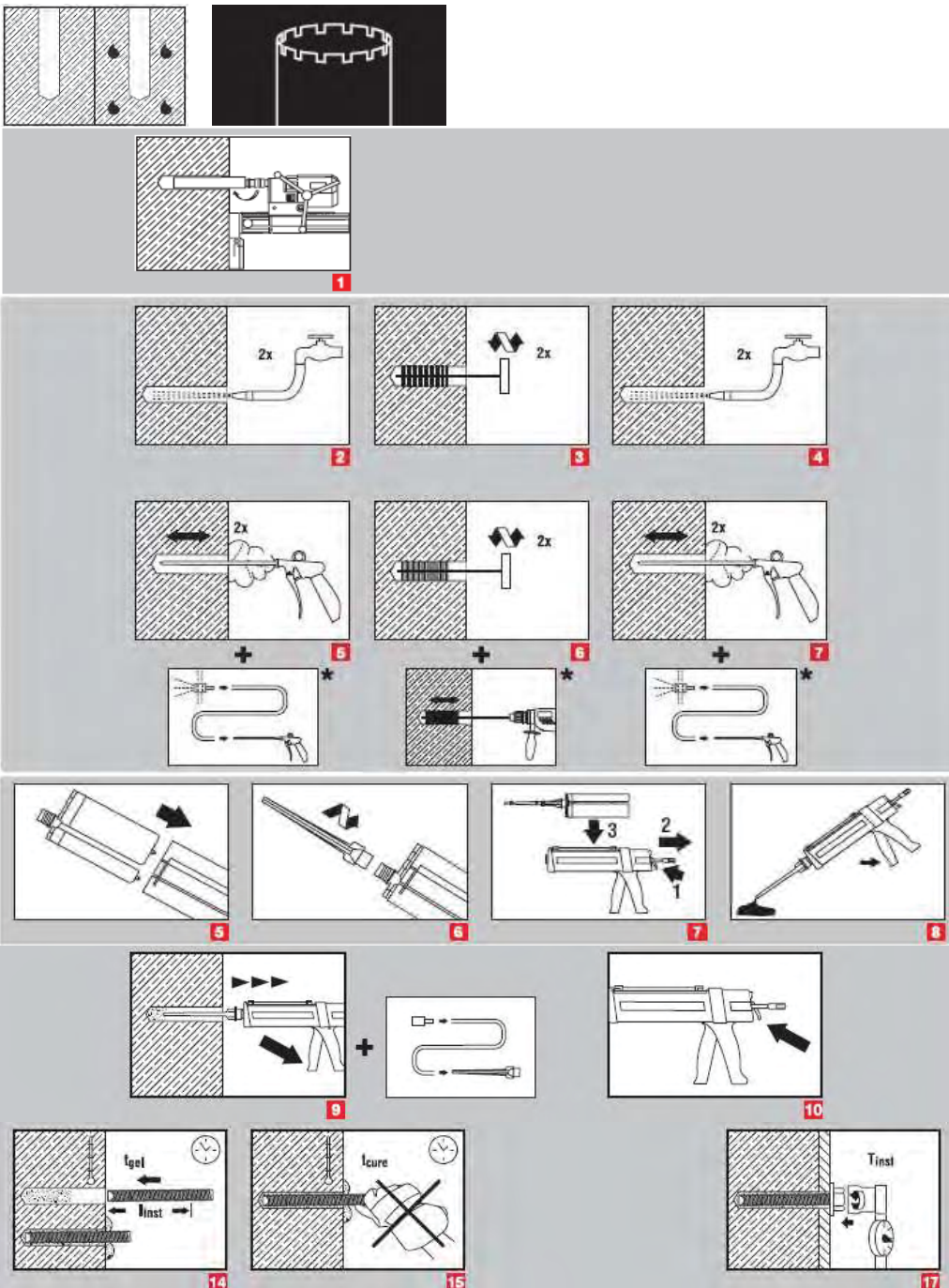
Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Anchor rod HAS, HAS-E, HAS-R, HAS-ER HAS-HCR	M8x80	M10x90	M12x110	M16x125	M20x170	M24x210	M27x240	M30x270
Anchor embedment depth [mm]	80	90	110	125	170	210	240	270
Anchor rod HIT-V, HIT-V-R, HIT-V-HCR	Anchor rods HIT-V (-R / -HCR) are available in variable length							

Setting installation equipment

Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Drilling tools	DD EC-1, DD 100 ... DD xxx							
Other tools	compressed air gun or blow out pump, set of cleaning brushes, dispenser							

Setting instruction

Dry and water-saturated concrete, diamond coring drilling; Hilti technical information only



Brush bore hole with required steel brush HIT-RB

For detailed information on installation see instruction for use given with the package of the product.

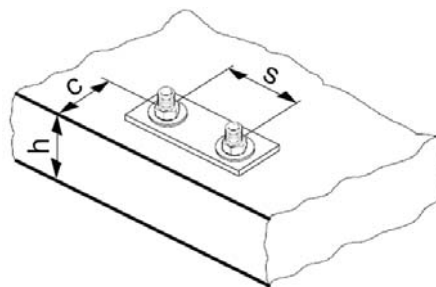
Important! Remove all water from the borehole and blow out with oil free compressed air until borehole is completely dried before mortar injection (not applicable to hammer drilled hole in underwater application).

Curing time for general conditions

Temperature of the base material	Curing time before anchor can be fully loaded t_{cure}	Working time in which anchor can be inserted and adjusted t_{gel}
40 °C	4 h	12 min
30 °C to 39 °C	8 h	12 min
20 °C to 29 °C	12 h	20 min
15 °C to 19 °C	24 h	30 min
10 °C to 14 °C	48 h	90 min
5 °C to 9 °C	72 h	120 min

Setting details

Anchor size		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d_0 [mm]	10	12	14	18	24	28	30	35
Effective anchorage and drill hole depth range ^{a)}	$h_{ef,min}$ [mm]	40	40	48	64	80	96	108	120
	$h_{ef,max}$ [mm]	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Minimum base material thickness	h_{min} [mm]	$h_{ef} + 30 \text{ mm}$ $\geq 100 \text{ mm}$			$h_{ef} + 2 d_0$				
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d_f [mm]	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33
Minimum spacing	s_{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150
Minimum edge distance	c_{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150
Critical spacing for splitting failure	$s_{cr,sp}$	$2 c_{cr,sp}$							
Critical edge distance for splitting failure ^{b)}	$c_{cr,sp}$ [mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef}$ for $h / h_{ef} \geq 2,0$							
		$4,6 h_{ef} - 1,8 h$ for $2,0 > h / h_{ef} > 1,3$							
		$2,26 h_{ef}$ for $h / h_{ef} \leq 1,3$							
Critical spacing for concrete cone failure	$s_{cr,N}$	$2 c_{cr,N}$							
Critical edge distance for concrete cone failure ^{c)}	$c_{cr,N}$	$1,5 h_{ef}$							
Torque moment ^{d)}	T_{max} [Nm]	10	20	40	80	150	200	270	300



For spacing (edge distance) smaller than critical spacing (critical edge distance) the design loads have to be reduced.

- $h_{ef,min} \leq h_{ef} \leq h_{ef,max}$ (h_{ef} : embedment depth)
- h : base material thickness ($h \geq h_{min}$)
- The critical edge distance for concrete cone failure depends on the embedment depth h_{ef} and the design bond resistance. The simplified formula given in this table is on the safe side.
- This is the maximum recommended torque moment to avoid splitting failure during installation for anchors with minimum spacing and/or edge distance.

Simplified design method

Simplified version of the design method according ETAG 001, TR 029.

- Influence of concrete strength
- Influence of edge distance
- Influence of spacing
- Valid for a group of two anchors. (The method may also be applied for anchor groups with more than two anchors or more than one edge distance. The influencing factors must then be considered for each edge distance and spacing. The calculated design loads are then conservative: They will be lower than the exact values according ETAG 001, TR 029. To avoid this, it is recommended to use the anchor design software PROFIS Anchor)

The design method is based on the following simplification:

- No different loads are acting on individual anchors (no eccentricity)

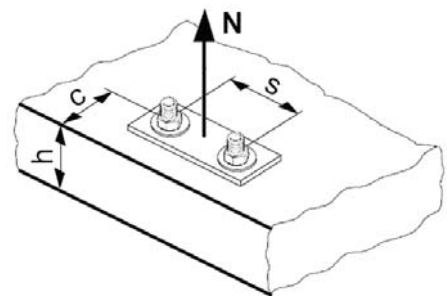
The values are valid for one anchor.

For more complex fastening applications please use the anchor design software PROFIS Anchor.

Tension loading

The design tensile resistance is the lower value of

- Steel resistance: $N_{Rd,s}$
- Combined pull-out and concrete cone resistance:
$$N_{Rd,p} = N_{Rd,p}^0 \cdot f_{B,p} \cdot f_{1,N} \cdot f_{2,N} \cdot f_{3,N} \cdot f_{h,p} \cdot f_{re,N}$$
- Concrete cone resistance: $N_{Rd,c} = N_{Rd,c}^0 \cdot f_B \cdot f_{1,N} \cdot f_{2,N} \cdot f_{3,N} \cdot f_{h,N} \cdot f_{re,N}$
- Concrete splitting resistance (only non-cracked concrete):
$$N_{Rd,sp} = N_{Rd,c}^0 \cdot f_B \cdot f_{1,sp} \cdot f_{2,sp} \cdot f_{3,sp} \cdot f_{h,N} \cdot f_{re,N}$$



Basic design tensile resistance

Design steel resistance $N_{Rd,s}$

Anchor size		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
$N_{Rd,s}$	HAS 5.8 [kN]	11,3	17,3	25,3	48,0	74,7	106,7	-	-
	HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	12,0	19,3	28,0	52,7	82,0	118,0	153,3	187,3
	HAS 8.8 [kN]	-	-	-	-	-	-	231,3	281,3
	HIT-V 8.8 [kN]	19,3	30,7	44,7	84,0	130,7	188,0	244,7	299,3
	HAS (-E)-R [kN]	12,3	19,8	28,3	54,0	84,0	119,8	75,9	92,0
	HIT-V-R [kN]	13,9	21,9	31,6	58,8	92,0	132,1	80,4	98,3
	HAS (-E)-HCR [kN]	18,0	28,0	40,7	76,7	120,0	106,7	144,8	175,7
	HIT-V-HCR [kN]	19,3	30,7	44,7	84,0	130,7	117,6	152,9	187,1

Design combined pull-out and concrete cone resistance for anchors in diamond drilled holes

$$N_{Rd,p} = N_{Rd,p}^0 \cdot f_{B,p} \cdot f_{1,N} \cdot f_{2,N} \cdot f_{3,N} \cdot f_{h,p} \cdot f_{re,N}$$

Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Typical embedment depth $h_{ef,typ}$ [mm]	80	90	110	125	170	210	240	270
$N_{Rd,p}^0$ Temperature range I [kN]	13,4	18,8	27,6	31,4	48,3	67,9	82,4	103,0
$N_{Rd,p}^0$ Temperature range II [kN]	10,9	15,3	22,4	25,4	39,1	55,0	66,7	83,4
$N_{Rd,p}^0$ Temperature range III [kN]	6,8	9,6	14,0	15,9	24,5	34,4	41,8	52,3

$$\text{Design concrete cone resistance } N_{Rd,c} = N_{Rd,c}^0 \cdot f_B \cdot f_{1,N} \cdot f_{2,N} \cdot f_{3,N} \cdot f_{h,N} \cdot f_{re,N}$$

$$\text{Design splitting resistance } N_{Rd,sp} = N_{Rd,c}^0 \cdot f_B \cdot f_{1,sp} \cdot f_{2,sp} \cdot f_{3,sp} \cdot f_{h,N} \cdot f_{re,N}$$

Data according ETA-04/0027, issue 2009-05-20								
Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
$N_{Rd,c}^0$ [kN]	17,2	20,5	27,7	33,6	53,3	73,2	89,4	106,7

Influencing factors

Influence of concrete strength on combined pull-out and concrete cone resistance

Concrete strength designation (ENV 206)	C 20/25	C 25/30	C 30/37	C 35/45	C 40/50	C 45/55	C 50/60
$f_{B,p} = (f_{ck,cube}/25N/mm^2)^{0,1}$ a)	1	1,02	1,04	1,06	1,07	1,08	1,09

a) $f_{ck,cube}$ = concrete compressive strength, measured on cubes with 150 mm side length

Influence of embedment depth on combined pull-out and concrete cone resistance

$$f_{h,p} = h_{ef}/h_{ef,typ}$$

Influence of concrete strength on concrete cone resistance

Concrete strength designation (ENV 206)	C 20/25	C 25/30	C 30/37	C 35/45	C 40/50	C 45/55	C 50/60
$f_B = (f_{ck,cube}/25N/mm^2)^{1/2}$ a)	1	1,1	1,22	1,34	1,41	1,48	1,55

a) $f_{ck,cube}$ = concrete compressive strength, measured on cubes with 150 mm side length

Influence of edge distance ^{a)}

$c/c_{cr,N}$	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6	0,7	0,8	0,9	1
$c/c_{cr,sp}$										
$f_{1,N} = 0,7 + 0,3 \cdot c/c_{cr,N}$	0,73	0,76	0,79	0,82	0,85	0,88	0,91	0,94	0,97	1
$f_{1,sp} = 0,7 + 0,3 \cdot c/c_{cr,sp}$										
$f_{2,N} = 0,5 \cdot (1 + c/c_{cr,N})$	0,55	0,60	0,65	0,70	0,75	0,80	0,85	0,90	0,95	1
$f_{2,sp} = 0,5 \cdot (1 + c/c_{cr,sp})$										

a) The the edge distance shall not be smaller than the minimum edge distance c_{min} given in the table with the setting details. These influencing factors must be considered for every edge distance smaller than the critical edge distance.

Influence of anchor spacing ^{a)}

$s/s_{cr,N}$	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6	0,7	0,8	0,9	1
$s/s_{cr,sp}$										
$f_{3,N} = 0,5 \cdot (1 + s/s_{cr,N})$	0,55	0,60	0,65	0,70	0,75	0,80	0,85	0,90	0,95	1
$f_{3,sp} = 0,5 \cdot (1 + s/s_{cr,sp})$										

a) The anchor spacing shall not be smaller than the minimum anchor spacing s_{min} given in the table with the setting details. This influencing factor must be considered for every anchor spacing.

Influence of embedment depth on concrete cone resistance

$$f_{h,N} = (h_{ef}/h_{ef,typ})^{1,5}$$

Influence of reinforcement

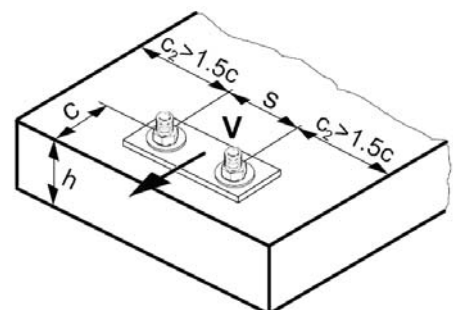
h_{ef} [mm]	40	50	60	70	80	90	≥ 100
$f_{re,N} = 0,5 + h_{ef}/200\text{mm} \leq 1$	0,7 ^{a)}	0,75 ^{a)}	0,8 ^{a)}	0,85 ^{a)}	0,9 ^{a)}	0,95 ^{a)}	1

a) This factor applies only for dense reinforcement. If in the area of anchorage there is reinforcement with a spacing ≥ 150 mm (any diameter) or with a diameter ≤ 10 mm and a spacing ≥ 100 mm, then a factor $f_{re} = 1$ may be applied.

Shear loading

The design shear resistance is the lower value of

- Steel resistance: $V_{Rd,s}$
- Concrete pryout resistance: $V_{Rd,cp} = k \cdot \text{lower value of } N_{Rd,p} \text{ and } N_{Rd,c}$
- Concrete edge resistance: $V_{Rd,c} = V_{Rd,c}^0 \cdot f_B \cdot f_{\beta} \cdot f_h \cdot f_4 \cdot f_{hef} \cdot f_c$



Basic design shear resistance

Design steel resistance $V_{Rd,s}$

		Data according ETA-04/0027, issue 2009-05-20								
Anchor size		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30	
$V_{Rd,s}$	HAS 5.8 [kN]	6,8	10,4	15,2	28,8	44,8	64,0	-	-	
	HIT-V 5.8 [kN]	7,2	12,0	16,8	31,2	48,8	70,4	92,0	112,0	
	HAS 8.8 [kN]	-	-	-	-	-	-	139,2	168,8	
	HIT-V 8.8 [kN]	12,0	18,4	27,2	50,4	78,4	112,8	147,2	179,2	
	HAS (-E)-R [kN]	7,7	12,2	17,3	32,7	50,6	71,8	45,8	55,5	
	HIT-V-R [kN]	8,3	12,8	19,2	35,3	55,1	79,5	48,3	58,8	
	HAS (-E)-HCR [kN]	10,4	16,8	24,8	46,4	72,0	64,0	86,9	105,7	
	HIT-V-HCR [kN]	12,0	18,4	27,2	50,4	78,4	70,9	92,0	112,0	

Design concrete pryout resistance $V_{Rd,cp}$ = lower value^{a)} of $k \cdot N_{Rd,p}$ and $k \cdot N_{Rd,c}$

$k = 1$ for $h_{ef} < 60$ mm

$k = 2$ for $h_{ef} \geq 60$ mm

- a) $N_{Rd,p}$: Design combined pull-out and concrete cone resistance
 $N_{Rd,c}$: Design concrete cone resistance

Design concrete edge resistance $V_{Rd,c} = V_{Rd,c}^0 \cdot f_B \cdot f_{\beta} \cdot f_h \cdot f_4 \cdot f_{hef} \cdot f_c$

Anchor size	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Non-cracked concrete								
$V_{Rd,c}^0$ [kN]	5,9	8,6	11,6	18,7	27,0	36,6	44,5	53,0

Influencing factors

Influence of concrete strength

Concrete strength designation (ENV 206)	C 20/25	C 25/30	C 30/37	C 35/45	C 40/50	C 45/55	C 50/60
$f_B = (f_{ck,cube}/25N/mm^2)^{1/2}$ a)	1	1,1	1,22	1,34	1,41	1,48	1,55

- a) $f_{ck,cube}$ = concrete compressive strength, measured on cubes with 150 mm side length

Influence of angle between load applied and the direction perpendicular to the free edge

Angle β	0°	10°	20°	30°	40°	50°	60°	70°	80°	≥ 90°
$f_{\beta} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\cos \alpha_v)^2 + \left(\frac{\sin \alpha_v}{2,5}\right)^2}}$	1	1,01	1,05	1,13	1,24	1,40	1,64	1,97	2,32	2,50

Influence of base material thickness

h/c	0,15	0,3	0,45	0,6	0,75	0,9	1,05	1,2	1,35	≥ 1,5
$f_h = \{h/(1,5 \cdot c)\}^{1/2} \leq 1$	0,32	0,45	0,55	0,63	0,71	0,77	0,84	0,89	0,95	1,00

Influence of anchor spacing and edge distance ^{a)} for concrete edge resistance: f_4

$$f_4 = (c/h_{ef})^{1,5} \cdot (1 + s / [3 \cdot c]) \cdot 0,5$$

c/h _{ef}	Single anchor	Group of two anchors s/h _{ef}														
		0,75	1,50	2,25	3,00	3,75	4,50	5,25	6,00	6,75	7,50	8,25	9,00	9,75	10,50	11,25
0,50	0,35	0,27	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35	0,35
0,75	0,65	0,43	0,54	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65
1,00	1,00	0,63	0,75	0,88	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00
1,25	1,40	0,84	0,98	1,12	1,26	1,40	1,40	1,40	1,40	1,40	1,40	1,40	1,40	1,40	1,40	1,40
1,50	1,84	1,07	1,22	1,38	1,53	1,68	1,84	1,84	1,84	1,84	1,84	1,84	1,84	1,84	1,84	1,84
1,75	2,32	1,32	1,49	1,65	1,82	1,98	2,15	2,32	2,32	2,32	2,32	2,32	2,32	2,32	2,32	2,32
2,00	2,83	1,59	1,77	1,94	2,12	2,30	2,47	2,65	2,83	2,83	2,83	2,83	2,83	2,83	2,83	2,83
2,25	3,38	1,88	2,06	2,25	2,44	2,63	2,81	3,00	3,19	3,38	3,38	3,38	3,38	3,38	3,38	3,38
2,50	3,95	2,17	2,37	2,57	2,77	2,96	3,16	3,36	3,56	3,76	3,95	3,95	3,95	3,95	3,95	3,95
2,75	4,56	2,49	2,69	2,90	3,11	3,32	3,52	3,73	3,94	4,15	4,35	4,56	4,56	4,56	4,56	4,56
3,00	5,20	2,81	3,03	3,25	3,46	3,68	3,90	4,11	4,33	4,55	4,76	4,98	5,20	5,20	5,20	5,20
3,25	5,86	3,15	3,38	3,61	3,83	4,06	4,28	4,51	4,73	4,96	5,18	5,41	5,63	5,86	5,86	5,86
3,50	6,55	3,51	3,74	3,98	4,21	4,44	4,68	4,91	5,14	5,38	5,61	5,85	6,08	6,31	6,55	6,55
3,75	7,26	3,87	4,12	4,36	4,60	4,84	5,08	5,33	5,57	5,81	6,05	6,29	6,54	6,78	7,02	7,26
4,00	8,00	4,25	4,50	4,75	5,00	5,25	5,50	5,75	6,00	6,25	6,50	6,75	7,00	7,25	7,50	7,75
4,25	8,76	4,64	4,90	5,15	5,41	5,67	5,93	6,18	6,44	6,70	6,96	7,22	7,47	7,73	7,99	8,25
4,50	9,55	5,04	5,30	5,57	5,83	6,10	6,36	6,63	6,89	7,16	7,42	7,69	7,95	8,22	8,49	8,75
4,75	10,35	5,45	5,72	5,99	6,27	6,54	6,81	7,08	7,36	7,63	7,90	8,17	8,45	8,72	8,99	9,26
5,00	11,18	5,87	6,15	6,43	6,71	6,99	7,27	7,55	7,83	8,11	8,39	8,66	8,94	9,22	9,50	9,78
5,25	12,03	6,30	6,59	6,87	7,16	7,45	7,73	8,02	8,31	8,59	8,88	9,17	9,45	9,74	10,02	10,31
5,50	12,90	6,74	7,04	7,33	7,62	7,92	8,21	8,50	8,79	9,09	9,38	9,67	9,97	10,26	10,55	10,85

a) The anchor spacing and the edge distance shall not be smaller than the minimum anchor spacing s_{min} and the minimum edge distance c_{min} .

Influence of embedment depth

h _{ef} /d	4	4,5	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
f _{hef} = 0,05 · (h _{ef} / d) ^{1,68}	0,51	0,63	0,75	1,01	1,31	1,64	2,00	2,39	2,81
h _{ef} /d	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
f _{hef} = 0,05 · (h _{ef} / d) ^{1,68}	3,25	3,72	4,21	4,73	5,27	5,84	6,42	7,04	7,67

Influence of edge distance ^{a)}

c/d	4	6	8	10	15	20	30	40
f _c = (d / c) ^{0,19}	0,77	0,71	0,67	0,65	0,60	0,57	0,52	0,50

a) The edge distance shall not be smaller than the minimum edge distance c_{min} .

Combined tension and shear loading

For combined tension and shear loading see section "Anchor Design".