



## European Technical Approval ETA-08/0040

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

**Handelsbezeichnung**  
*Trade name*

Setzbolzen: HSBR 14, HSBR 14 Tube und HSBR 14 Strip  
Setzgeräte: P230, P230L, P525L und P560

*Powder actuated fasteners: HSBR 14, HSBR 14 Tube  
and HSBR 14 Strip*

*Fastening tools: P230, P230L, P525L and P560*

**Zulassungsinhaber**  
*Holder of approval*

SPIT  
Route de Lyon  
26501 Bourg-lès-Valence cedex  
FRANKREICH

**Zulassungsgegenstand  
und Verwendungszweck**

SPIT Setzbolzen HSBR 14, HSBR 14 Tube und HSBR 14 Strip in  
Kombination mit den SPIT Setzgeräten P230, P230L, P525L und  
P560 für die Befestigung von Stahlblech an  
Stahlunterkonstruktionen.

*Generic type and use  
of construction product*

*SPIT powder actuated fasteners HSBR 14, HSBR 14 Tube and  
HSBR 14 Strip in combination with SPIT fastening tools P230, P230L,  
P525L and P560 for fastening of steel sheeting to steel members.*

**Geltungsdauer:**  
*Validity:*

vom  
*from*  
bis  
*to*

2 July 2008

6 March 2013

verlängert  
*extended*

vom  
*from*  
bis  
*to*

7 March 2013

7 March 2018

**Herstellwerk**  
*Manufacturing plant*

SPIT  
- ZI de Marcerolles -  
Rue A. Nobel  
26500 BOURG-LÉS VALENCE  
FRANKREICH

Diese Zulassung umfasst  
*This Approval contains*

10 Seiten einschließlich 3 Anhänge  
*10 pages including 3 annexes*



## I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
  - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products<sup>1</sup>, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC<sup>2</sup> and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>3</sup>;
  - *Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998<sup>4</sup>, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011<sup>5</sup>;*
  - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC<sup>6</sup>.
- 2 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- 3 This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- 4 This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
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- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

<sup>1</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

<sup>2</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1

<sup>3</sup> Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

<sup>4</sup> *Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998*, p. 812

<sup>5</sup> *Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011*, p. 2178

<sup>6</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34

## II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

### 1 Definition of the product and intended use

#### 1.1 Definition of the construction product

The products are mechanical fasteners (powder actuated fasteners / cartridge fired pins)<sup>7</sup> made of steel. The fasteners comprise a pin (nominal diameter: 4.5 mm) which is assembled with one washer. The washer in connection with the same diameter pin-head serves to guide the fasteners while they are being driven into the base material. The washer also serves to improve the bearing area. Special fastening tools are used in order to install the fasteners. The driving force of the fastening tools is provided by the power load of the used cartridge (several cartridge strengths available). The application limit depends on the strength and thickness of the base material.

The dimensions and materials of the fastener are given in Annex 1. The difference of the fastening tools is the kind of feeding: single fasteners or collated in tube magazines or strip-magazines. Table 1 provides an overview of the 5 powder actuated fastening systems approved.

Table 1 Overview of the fastening systems

Fastening Tool	Fastener	Features
<b>P230</b>	HSBR-14	The P230 is used to drive single fasteners.
<b>P230L</b>	HSBR-14 Tube	The P230L is a standup tool which is based on the P230. The fasteners are collated in tube magazines.
<b>P525L</b>	HSBR-14 Tube	The P525L is a standup tool which is based on the P230. The fasteners are collated in tube magazines.
<b>P560</b>	HSBR-14	The P560 is used to drive single fasteners.
<b>P560 with magazine adapter</b>	HSBR-14 in strip-magazine	The P560 in combination with the magazine adapter is used to drive fasteners in strip-magazines.

Fasteners, fastening tools and cartridges are shown in Annex 1.

The fastener and the corresponding connections are subject to tension and/or shear forces (see Annex 2).

#### 1.2 Intended use

The fasteners are intended to be used for fastening of steel sheeting with steel grades  $\geq$  S280 and a thickness  $t_1 = 0.63 \text{ mm} - 3.0 \text{ mm}$  (max. 5 mm for 2 - 4 layers) to steel members with steel grades  $\geq$  S235 and a thickness  $t_{1l} \geq 6 \text{ mm}$ , provided the relevant application limits are taken into account. The sheeting can either be used as cladding or as load bearing wall and roof element.

The fastener can also be used for the fastening of other thin gauge steel members.

<sup>7</sup> Both terms (powder actuated fastener and cartridge fired pin) are commonly used.



The intended use only comprises fasteners and connections which are not directly exposed to external weather conditions or moist atmospheres.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the powder actuated fasteners of 25 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the work.

## **2 Characteristics of product and methods of verification**

### **2.1 Characteristics of product**

The fasteners shall correspond to the drawing given in Annex 1.

The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the fasteners neither indicated in this section nor in Annex 1 shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation<sup>8</sup> to this European Technical Approval.

The characteristic and design values of the shear and tension resistance of the connections made with the fastener as well as the application limits are given in Annex 3.

The fasteners are considered to satisfy the requirements of performance class A1 of the characteristic reaction to fire.

### **2.2 Methods of verification**

The assessment of the fitness of the fasteners for the intended use (see Annex 1) in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability, safety in case of fire and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements No. 1, No. 2 and No. 4 has been made in accordance with the "Common Understanding of Assessment Procedure (CUAP) for Cartridge Fired Pin" (Final version, February 2004; ETA request No 06.02/05).

Concerning Essential Requirement No. 2 (Safety in case of fire) the following applies:

The assessment of the resistance to fire performance is only relevant to the assembled system (fasteners, sheeting, supporting structure) which is not part of the ETA.

The fasteners are considered to satisfy the requirements of performance class A 1 of the characteristic reaction to fire, in accordance with the provisions of the EC Decision 96/603/EC (as amended) without the need for testing on the basis of its listing in that decision.

Concerning Essential Requirements No. 1 (Mechanical resistance and stability) and No. 4 (Safety in use) the following applies:

The characteristic values of resistance given in Annex 3 were determined by tests with every fastening tool (as far as necessary).

The factor  $\alpha_{cycl}$  given in Annex 3 considers in accordance with EN 1993-1-3 the effect of repeated wind loads on design tension strength. The design tension strength of the fasteners is based on static as well as on cyclic tests resulting in a factor  $\alpha_{cycl} = 1.0$ .

The formulas to calculate the design resistance are given in Annex 3.

<sup>8</sup> The technical documentation to this European Technical Approval is deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure is handed over to the approved bodies.

### 3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

#### 3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 99/92/EC of the European Commission<sup>9</sup> system 2+ of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 2+: Declaration of conformity of the product by the manufacturer on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
  - (1) initial type-testing of the product;
  - (2) factory production control;
  - (3) testing of samples taken at the factory in accordance with a prescribed test plan.
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
  - (4) certification of factory production control on the basis of:
    - initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
    - continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

#### 3.2 Responsibilities

##### 3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

###### 3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan relating to this European technical approval which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.<sup>10</sup>

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

###### 3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of powder actuated fasteners in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

<sup>9</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 80 of 18.03.1998

<sup>10</sup> The "control plan" is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved bodies involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



### **3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies**

The approved body shall perform the

- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in written reports.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the factory production control stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

### **3.3 CE marking**

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of fasteners. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate for the factory production control,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the name of the product.

## **4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed**

### **4.1 Manufacturing**

The fasteners are manufactured in accordance with the provisions of the European Technical Approval using the manufacturing process as laid down in the technical documentation.

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

### **4.2 Design**

For the types of connection (a, b, c, d) listed in Annex 2 and Annex 3 it is not necessary to take into account the effect of constraints due to temperature for the steel grades S280 and S320 in accordance with EN 10346:2009. For the steel grade S350 in accordance with EN 10346:2009 it shall be considered for design.

The loading is predominantly static. (Remark: Wind loads are regarded as predominantly static.)

Dimensions, material properties, application limits and nail head standoff as stated in the ETA are observed.

The verification concept stated in EN 1990:2002 + A1:2005 + A1:2005/AC:2010 is used for the design of the connections made with the fasteners. The characteristic values (shear and tension resistance) stated in Annex 3 are used for the design of the entire connections.

The partial safety factor  $\gamma_M = 1.25$  is used in order to determine the corresponding design resistances, provided no values are given in national regulations of the member state in which the fastener is used or in the respective National Annex to Eurocode 3.

In case of combined tension and shear forces the linear interaction formula according to EN 1993-1-3:2006 + AC:2009, section 8.3 (8) is taken into account.

The possibly required reduction of the tension resistance due to the position of the fastener is taken into account in accordance with EN 1993-1-3:2006+ AC:2009, section 8.3 (7) and Fig. 8.2.

#### **4.3 Installation**

The installation is carried out such that the fasteners are replaceable if necessary.

The installation is only carried out according to the manufacturer's instructions. The manufacturer hands over the assembly instructions to the assembler.

Cartridge selection in order to cover the application limit diagram is taken into account as given in Annex 3.

Installation safety tests are carried out, provided the fitness of the recommended cartridge cannot be checked otherwise (e.g. check of nail head standoff).

The nail head standoff (NHS) is in accordance with the requirements given in Annex 3.

The conformity of the installed fasteners with the provisions of the ETA is attested by the executing company.

#### **5 Indications to the manufacturer**

It is in the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1, 2, 4.2 and 4.3 (including Annexes referred to) is given to those who are concerned. This information may be given by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval. In addition all installation data (minimum / maximum nail head standoff, application limits in accordance with Annex 3) shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

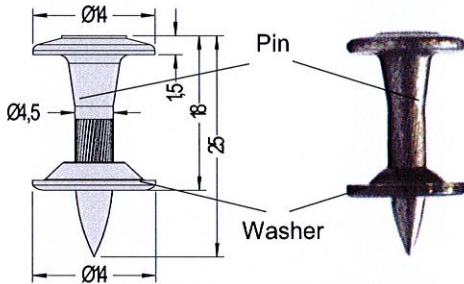
Georg Feistel  
Head of Department

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Ulbrich

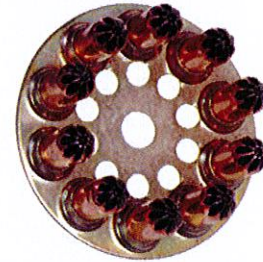


### Powder-actuated fastener / Cartridge fired pin

**Material:** Pin Steel Ck60 (1.1221) quenched and tempered, galvanised  
Washer Steel Ck35 (1.1181) galvanised



Cartridge K 6.3 / 16



Fasteners in a strip magazine

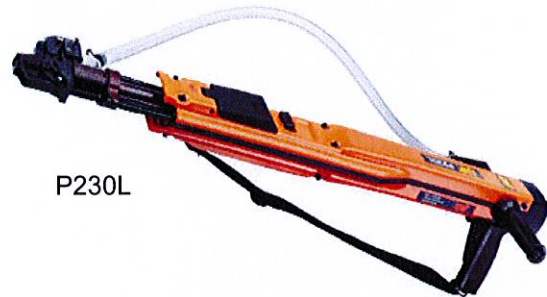


Yellow: Medium load  
Blue: High load  
Red: Very high load  
Black: Extra high load (see above)

### Powder-actuated fastening tools



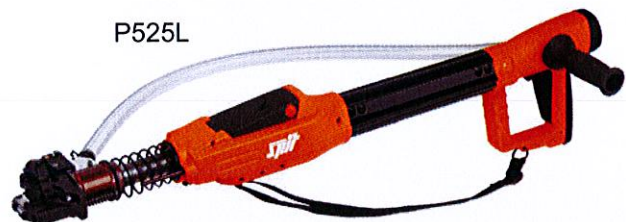
P230



P230L



P560



P525L



P560 with  
magazine adapter

Sample for application



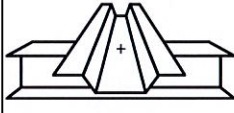
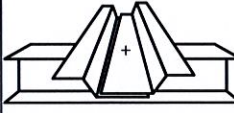
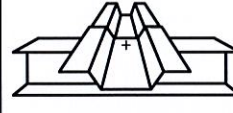


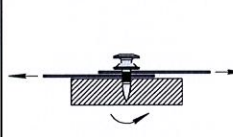

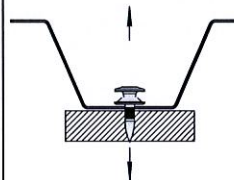
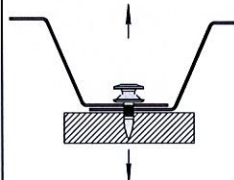
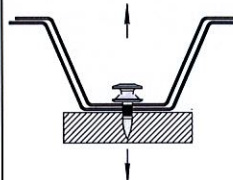
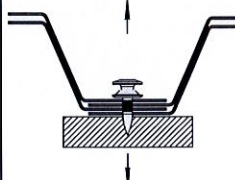
Powder actuated fasteners: HSBR 14, HSBR 14 Tube and HSBR 14 Strip  
Fastening tools: P230, P230L, P525L and P560

Annex 1

Fastener and corresponding fastening tools



### Types of connection and corresponding loading conditions

	Types of connection			
	Type a	Type b	Type c	Type d
				
Type of loading	Single connection	Side lap connection	End overlap connection	Side lap + end overlap connection
Shear loading				
Tension loading				

Powder actuated fasteners: HSBR 14, HSBR 14 Tube and HSBR 14 Strip  
Fastening tools: P230, P230L, P525L and P560

Types of connections

Annex 2

	<p>Powder-actuated fastener and fastening tools:</p> <p><b>HSBR-14 with: P230, P230L or P525L or P560</b></p> <p>Cartridges: <b>K 6.3 / 16 - Yellow, K 6.3 / 16 - Blue, K 6.3 / 16 - Red, K 6.3 / 16 - Black</b></p>	<p>Installation control:</p> <p><math>5 \text{ mm} \leq \text{NHS} \leq 11.5 \text{ mm} - \Sigma t_i</math></p>			
<p><b>Characteristic shear and tension resistance <math>V_{Rk}</math> and <math>N_{Rk}</math></b></p>		<p><b>Design shear and tension resistance <math>V_{Rd}</math> and <math>N_{Rd}</math></b></p>			
<p>sheeting thickness <math>t_i</math> [mm]</p>	<p>Shear <math>V_{Rk}</math> [kN]</p>	<p>Tension <math>N_{Rk}</math> [kN]</p>	<p>Types of connection</p>	<p><math>V_{Rd} = V_{Rk} / \gamma_M</math></p> <p><math>\gamma_M = 1.25</math> in the absence of national regulations</p>	<p><math>N_{Rd} = \alpha_{cycl} N_{Rk} / \gamma_M</math></p> <p><math>\alpha_{cycl} = 1.0</math></p> <p><math>\alpha_{cycl}</math> considers the effect of repeated wind loads</p> <p><math>\alpha_{cycl} = 1.0</math> for all sheeting thickness <math>t_i</math></p> <p><math>\gamma_M = 1.25</math> in the absence of national regulations</p>
0.63	4.2	5.3	a,b,c,d		
0.75	5.8	6.6	a,b,c,d		
0.88	7.5	7.7	a,b,c,d		
1.00	8.6	8.2	a,b,c,d		
1.13	9.1	9.1	a,c		
1.25	9.5	9.5	a,c		
1.50	10.0	10.0	a		
1.75	10.0	10.1	a		
2.00	10.0	10.3	a		
2.50	10.0	10.4	a		
3.00	10.0	10.5	a		
<p>Application limit diagram</p> <p>Base material: Structural steel S235, S275 and S355 according to EN 10025-1:2004; minimum thickness = 6 mm</p>				<p>Cartridge selection</p> <p>Note: In case of too much energy, change of cartridge colour till correct stand-offs NHS are achieved.</p>	

Powder actuated fasteners: HSBR 14, HSBR 14 Tube and HSBR 14 Strip  
Fastening tools: P230, P230L, P525L and P560

Characteristic and design resistance, application limit, cartridge selection and nail head standoff

Annex 3